..... (Original Signature of Member)

117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To identify and take action against international trade practices of high income countries that unfairly exploit innovation by deviating from market-based policies and unfairly exploit United States innovation, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. ARRINGTON introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To identify and take action against international trade practices of high income countries that unfairly exploit innovation by deviating from market-based policies and unfairly exploit United States innovation, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "_____ Act

5 of 2021".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.

2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

3 (1) Pharmaceutical price controls in foreign
4 markets distort global trade flows and competition
5 by depressing the prices of innovative drugs and ex6 ploiting pharmaceutical innovations researched and
7 developed in the United States.

8 (2) By setting prices at levels that are not mar-9 ket-based, such price controls undervalue the dis-10 covery of new, innovative treatments, diminish op-11 portunities and incentives for global innovation in 12 new medicines, and threaten to restrict access to 13 new treatments and cures for United States patients 14 and consumers.

15 (3) Recognizing these dynamics, it is critical 16 that the United States use all available trade tools 17 to address such free-riding, consistent with the nego-18 tiating objectives set forth in the Bipartisan Con-19 gressional Trade Priorities and Accountability Act of 20 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4201 et seq.) to ensure that foreign 21 government regulatory reimbursement regimes are 22 transparent, provide procedural fairness, are non-23 discriminatory, and provide full market access to 24 United States products.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con26 gress that—

(1) ensuring the security of innovative and af fordable healthcare is a top priority for Americans
 and for Congress;

4 (2) foreign government policies that mandate
5 artificially low drug prices in foreign markets under6 mine this priority by reducing global incentives to in7 vest in the development of new medicines;

8 (3) such exploitative behavior unfairly shifts the 9 cost of developing new treatments to the United 10 States and unduly relies on America's patients and 11 taxpayers to finance global pharmaceutical innova-12 tion; and

(4) safeguarding access to life-saving treatments for American patients requires combating
such behavior so that foreign countries pay their fair
share of the costs associated with the development of
new drugs.

18 SEC. 3. CHIEF PHARMACEUTICAL TRADE NEGOTIATOR.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Section 141(b) of the Trade
Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2171(b)) is amended as follows:

21 (1) In paragraph (2)—

(A) in the first sentence, by inserting "one
Chief Pharmaceutical Trade Negotiator," after
"one Chief Agricultural Negotiator,"; and

(B) by inserting "the Chief Pharmaceutical
 Trade Negotiator," after "the Chief Agricul tural Negotiator," each place it appears.

4 (2) By adding at the end the following new5 paragraph:

6 "(7) The principal functions of the Chief Phar-7 maceutical Trade Negotiator shall be to conduct 8 trade negotiations, enforce trade agreements relating 9 to United States pharmaceutical products, and take 10 appropriate action to address acts, policies, or prac-11 tices of high-income countries that have a significant 12 adverse impact on the ability of United States phar-13 maceutical manufacturers to enjoy full market ac-14 cess. The Chief Pharmaceutical Trade Negotiator 15 shall be a vigorous advocate on behalf of United 16 States manufacturers and consumers of pharma-17 ceutical products and shall perform such other func-18 tions as the United States Trade Representative 19 may direct.".

20 (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—

(1) LIST OF HIGH-INCOME COUNTRIES.—The
United States Trade Representative shall compile
and annually update a list of each foreign country
that is defined as "high-income" by the official sta-

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tistics of the International Bank for Reconstruction

2	and Development of the World Bank.
3	(2) REPORT REQUIRED.—With respect to each
4	country included on the most recent list required
5	under paragraph (1), the United States Trade Rep-
6	resentative, acting through the Chief Pharmaceutical
7	Trade Negotiator, (as established pursuant to the
8	amendments made by subsection (a)) shall annually
9	submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the
10	House of Representatives and the Committee on Fi-
11	nance of the Senate a report that—
12	(A) describes in detail the results of a re-
13	view of the acts, policies, and practices of such
14	country relating to the trade in pharmaceutical
15	products in the previous fiscal year;
16	(B) determines whether such acts, policies,
17	or practices—
18	(i) are not developed and implemented
19	in a fair, nondiscriminatory, and trans-
20	parent manner;
21	(ii) are not market-based or do not
22	appropriately recognize the value of inno-
23	vative medicines;
24	(iii) deny reciprocal market access for
25	United States products;

1	(iv) diminish incentives for innovation
2	in a manner that delays, prevents, or oth-
3	erwise adversely impacts the introduction
4	of new medicines in the United States;
5	(v) violate or are inconsistent with the
6	provisions of, or otherwise deny benefits to
7	the United States under, any bilateral or
8	multilateral trade agreement with such
9	country;
10	(vi) are unjustifiable or impose a sig-
11	nificant burden or unreasonable or dis-
12	criminatory restriction on United States
13	commerce with such country; and
14	(C) describes the current status of any re-
15	sponsive actions taken by the United States
16	with respect to acts, policies, or practices for
17	which the United States Trade Representative
18	has determined and included in any prior re-
19	port, pursuant to subparagraph (B), that the
20	interests of the United States are harmed, in-
21	cluding responsive actions pursuant to title III
22	of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2411 et
23	seq.).
24	(c) RESPONSE TO ADVERSE ACTIONS.—Not later

25 than 30 days after the United States Trade Representa-

tive determines that an act, policy, or practice of a country 1 2 included in the applicable list required under subsection 3 (b)(1) meets any of the criteria described in subsection 4 (b)(2)(B), the United States Trade Representative shall submit to Committee on Ways and Means of the House 5 of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the 6 7 Senate a plan to respond to such adverse action, which may include initiating an investigation under chapter 1 8 title III of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2411 et seq.) 9 in accordance with section 302(b)(1) of such chapter. 10