119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

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To require any State to reimburse the Federal Government for costs incurred when Federal military forces are deployed in response to civil disturbances or security threats caused by the State's refusal to cooperate with lawful Federal immigration enforcement.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mrs. BLACKBURN introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To require any State to reimburse the Federal Government for costs incurred when Federal military forces are deployed in response to civil disturbances or security threats caused by the State's refusal to cooperate with lawful Federal immigration enforcement.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "State Accountability
- 5 for Federal Deployment Costs Act of 2025".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

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(1) Immigration enforcement is a constitu tionally and statutorily delegated power of the Fed eral Government.

4 (2) Certain States and units of local govern-5 ment have refused to assist with, or have actively ob-6 structed, lawful Federal immigration enforcement 7 operations, including by refusing to comply with im-8 migration detainer requests and obstructing Federal 9 immigration enforcement operations (commonly re-10 ferred to as "raids").

(3) Such noncompliance and obstruction can result in civil unrest, security breakdowns, and law enforcement emergencies that require the deployment
of Federal military forces, including the National
Guard under section 12406 of title 10, United
States Code, or active-duty military personnel.

(4) Such deployments impose substantial costs
on the Department of Defense and United States
taxpayers, which should be reimburse by the States
and units of local government whose noncompliance
with or obstruction of Federal immigration enforcement actions created the need for such deployments.
SEC. 3. REIMBURSEMENT REQUIREMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shallsubmit a reimbursement invoice to the Governor of the

[Discussion Draft]

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affected State whenever Federal military personnel (in cluding members of the National Guard and units of the
 Selected Reserve) are deployed, under Federal authority,
 to any jurisdiction as a direct result of—

5 (1) civil disturbances stemming from lawful
6 Federal immigration enforcement operations; and

7 (2) the failure of a State or unit of local gov8 ernment to provide reasonable cooperation or coordi9 nation with such operations.

10 (b) COVERED COSTS.—Cost that are reimbursable11 under subsection (a) shall include—

12 (1) temporary duty travel (TDY) and per diem
13 for Federal military personnel deployed in accord14 ance with subsection (a);

15 (2) housing, lodging, and meals for such per-16 sonnel; and

17 (3) transportation of such personnel and their18 equipment.

(c) DETERMINATION OF NONCOOPERATION.—The
Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the
Attorney General, shall issue a public determination as to
whether the actions or omissions of a State or unit of local
government materially hindered or failed to support the
Federal immigration enforcement operations that led to
the deployment of Federal military personnel.

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1 (d) PAYMENT AND OFFSET.—

2 (1) PAYMENT DUE DATE.—Each State shall
3 remit full payment of an invoice received pursuant
4 to subsection (a) not later than 180 days after re5 ceiving such invoice from the Department of De6 fense.

7 (2) OFFSET.—If a State fails to remit a payment in accordance with paragraph (1), the Presi-8 9 dent, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Attorney 10 11 General, and the heads of other Federal depart-12 ments or agencies, as appropriate, may rescind 1 or 13 more discretionary grants awarded to the State by 14 the Federal Government to offset such nonpayment.